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R Switch

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The invention ~~starts out from~~ provides an R switch for switching
5 connections between microwave waveguides on and off ~~as defined in the main~~
claim which has a structure which widens bandwidth by lowering the resonance
frequencies of interconnections not in use thereby reducing coupling.

The European patent 0 276 582 discloses such an R switch with a stator,
a rotor and three interconnections constructed as step transformers. In designing
10 the R switches known from the art, it was totally disregarded that the non-active
interconnections of these switches formed short-circuited cavities, which act as
cavity resonators at certain frequencies. At these frequencies, the active paths,
are affected so strongly ~~[[,]]~~ that there is practically no longer ~~[[is]]~~ any
insulation between microwave waveguide, which ~~[[are]]~~ is not connected, nor,
15 with that, is there an error-free signal transmission. A ~~[[The]]~~ resonance
frequency of the non-active, curved paths is greater here than that of the
nonactive straight interconnections, so that these two resonance frequencies
limit ~~[[the]]~~ a bandwidth of ~~[[the]]~~ HF signals, which can be transmitted error-

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free by the R switches and, with that, limit the HF signals, which can be switched through.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

5 In accordance with an embodiment of the present invention there is
provided an R switch for switching connections between microwave waveguides
on and off which has a parallelepiped stator having four side surfaces of which
each have a central opening for connecting to a microwave waveguide. A rotor
is disposed in an interior of a stator with its axis of rotation coaxial with a
10 longitudinal axis of the stator and has a centrally disposed straight
interconnection and two curved paths, i.e., interconnections, on either side
thereof. Openings of the straight interconnection and curved paths are disposed
in such a manner that, depending on a rotational position of a rotor, each
opening can be connected using the straight interconnection or using one of the
15 curved paths to each of the other three openings. The straight interconnection is
constructed as a step transformer, and the step transformer of the straight
interconnection is formed bar-like by recesses incorporated in the steps.

According to a feature of the present invention ~~On the other hand, the~~
~~inventive~~ above-described R switch of the present invention, with the

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~~characterizing distinguishing features of the main claim, has the advantage,~~
~~already due to~~ has an easily realized bar-like construction of ~~[[the]]~~ a straight
interconnection, constructed as ~~[[the]]~~ a step transformer, that ~~[[it]]~~ is
constructed multi-stepped and that recesses are incorporated on either side of the
5 last step of ~~[[the]]~~ a step transformer. ~~The inventive measure~~ invention
objective of expanding ~~[[the]]~~ bandwidth is easily carried out in production and
can be realized inexpensively ~~with the help of using~~ a milling machine. In an
embodiment of the invention the recesses are constructed on both sides of the
last step.

10 The present invention includes an embodiment wherein the recesses are
constructed on one side of the last step. Optionally, the invention provides a
preferred embodiment wherein the recesses are constructed on both sides of the
last step.

15 According to a further, advantageous development of the present
invention, recesses are incorporated on either side of all steps in the step
transformer of the straight interconnection, as a result of which a further
lowering of ~~[[the]]~~ a low-frequency limit of the ~~inventive~~ R switch is possible.

According to a further advantageous development of the present
invention, multi-step, bar-like constructions are formed in the as step

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transformers ~~[[of]] in [[the]]~~ curved paths and recesses are incorporated on either side of ~~[[the]] a~~ last step of the step transformers of the curved recesses.

5 The ~~inventive measure of enlarging~~ present invention enlarges the bandwidth and is easily carried out in production and can be realized inexpensively ~~with the help of~~ using a milling machine.

According to a further, advantageous development of the present invention, recesses are incorporated on either side of all steps in the step transformer of the curved paths, as a result of which a further additional lowering of ~~[[the]] a~~ low-frequency limit of the ~~inventive~~ R switch is possible.

10 According to a further advantageous development of the present invention, ~~[[the]] a~~ straight interconnection is constructed as a step transformer, in order to save material and weight, by omitting the step transformers in the curved paths, to the extent to which this is permitted by ~~[[the]]~~ uncoupling.

Further advantages and advantageous developments of the present invention can be ~~inferred~~ realized from the following description, the drawings and the claims.

Some examples of the invention are described in greater detail in the following and shown in the drawings ~~in which~~

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS:

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FIG. 1 is a sectional representation along the line [[SS]] I-I in Figure 2 through an inventive R switch of the present invention with a first bar-like configuration of a step transformer in [[the]] a straight interconnection of [[the]] a rotor,

5

FIG. 2 shows a front view of the straight interconnection of the rotor of Figure 1 in the direction [[A]] II,

FIG. 3 shows a cross-section along the line [[LL]] III-III of FIG. 4 through an R switch with a second bar-like configuration of the step transformer in the straight interconnection,

10

FIG. 4 shows a front view of the straight interconnection of the rotor of FIG. 3 in the direction [[B]] IV

15

FIG. 5 shows a sectional representation along the line [[SS]] V-V in FIG. 6 through an inventive R switch with a first bar-like configuration of a step transformer in [[the]] straight interconnection and/or the curved path of [[the]] a rotor,

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FIG. 6 shows a front view of the straight interconnection or the curved path of the rotor of FIG. 5 in the direction [[A]] VI,

5 FIG. 7 shows a cross-section along the line [[LL]] VII-VII in FIG. 8 through an R switch with a second bar-like configuration of the step transformer in the straight interconnection and/or curved paths,

10 FIG. 8 shows a front view of the straight interconnection or the curved paths of the rotor of FIG. 7 in the direction [[B]] VIII, and

FIG. 9 shows a sectional representation along the line [[SS]] I-I in FIG. 2 through an ~~inventive~~ R switch of the present invention with a first bar-like configuration of a step transformer in the straight interconnection of the rotor.

15 **DESCRIPTION OF THE PROFFERED EMBODIMENTS:**

Figure 1 shows the transverse sectional representation of an R switch 1, which ~~consists~~ has of a stator 2 with end openings 3 to 6 for connecting waveguides, which are not shown in the Figure, and of a rotor 7, which is

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disposed rotatably in stator 2, with a central straight interconnection 8 and, on either side thereof, "curved" paths, i.e. interconnections, 9 and 10, [[the]] ends of which are parallel to [[the]] axes 11 and 12, which are at right angles to one another. The axes 11 and 12 also represent orientations of the waveguides

5 adjoining the R switch 1. Depending on [[the]] a position of the rotor 7, different waveguides, attached to the openings 3 to 6 of the stator 2, are connected through. In the case of the position of the rotor 7, shown in Figure 1, the openings 4 and 5 and the openings 3 and 6 are connected with one another. Rotating the rotor 7 clockwise through 45° connects the openings 3 and 5 with

10 one another. If the rotor 7 is rotated clockwise by a further 45°, the waveguides, connected to the openings 5 and 6 and the waveguides, connected to the openings 3 a 4, are connected through. If the rotor 7 is rotated once again clockwise through 45°, an interconnection is created between the openings 4 and 6. If the rotor 7 is rotated further clockwise by 45°, the arrangement of Figure 1

15 is obtained once again.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS:

As far as [[the]] dimensioning of the R switch 1 perpendicularly to [[the]] a plane of the drawing is concerned, the stator 2 has essentially the shape of a parallelepiped and the rotor 7 has the shape of a cylinder. In order to reduce

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the external dimensions of the R switch 1 as far as possible for use in satellites and space vehicles, the interconnection 8 and the paths interconnects 9 and 10 are constructed as step transformers 13, 14, 15, as a result of which especially ~~[[the]]~~ space required by ~~[[the]]~~ central parts of the interconnection 8 and the paths interconnects 9 and 10 is reduced.

As indicated in Figure 2, the interconnection 8 as well as the paths interconnects 9 and 10 have a rectangular cross-section, so that the side walls of the step transformers 13, 14, 15 have ~~[[the]]~~ a shape of stairsteps. ~~[[The]]~~ A front view of the straight interconnection 8 in the direction A of Figure 2 consequently shows the front surfaces of the steps 16 to 19 of the step transformer 14.

According to the example of the present invention, shown in Figures 1 and 2, the upper steps 17 and 18 of the step transformer 14 have the shape of narrow bars, which can be achieved ~~owing to the fact that~~ because recesses ~~[[10]]~~ 20 to 23, which are drawn in Figure 1 by broken lines 24 and 25 as undercuts, are milled on either side of the steps 17 and 18 to form recess spaces between the 17 and 18 and walls of the interconnection.

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In principle, a rotor switch has the disadvantage that the interconnection or path, which does not connect any stator openings with one another, acts as a cavity resonator, which is supplied with energy over the unavoidable gap between the rotor 7 and the stator 2. Accordingly, for the rotor position of Figure 1, the straight interconnection 8 acts as a cavity resonator. Since it is brought about by these means that signals nevertheless are transmitted between the paths interconnects, which are not connected through, such as between the paths interconnects 3 and 4 or the paths interconnects 5 and 6 of the present example, the bandwidth of the signals, which can be switched through error-free by an R switch, is limited by these resonance frequencies. The lower limiting frequency is formed here by ~~[[the]]~~ a resonance frequency of the straight interconnection 8 and ~~[[the]]~~ a resonance resonator frequency by the ~~résumé~~ the frequency of the curved paths interconnects 9 and 10 (here, for example, by rotating the rotor 7 clockwise through 45°, when the paths interconnects 9 and 10 are not active).

Extensive experiments have now shown that the resonance frequency of the straight interconnection 8, acting as a lower limiting frequency of the R switch 1, can very easily be decreased appreciably in order to enlarge the bandwidth of the signals, which can be transmitted error-free by the R switch 1, owing to the fact that by forming the step transformer 14, as shown in Figures 1

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and 2, is formed at least partially bar-shaped and that by milling recesses 20 to 23 are milled at the side of the steps 17 and 18.

For example, in the case of a particular R switch with the name WR51 switch, which had a bandwidth of 19 to 22 GHz without the bar-like construction of the step transformer, it was possible to expand the bandwidth to 17.7 to 22 GHz in this way. This is of advantage particularly because the satellite band extends from 17.7 to 22 GHz, so that the WR51 switch, after being modified pursuant to the present invention, can be used without problems for switching signals lying within the satellite band.

A development of the inventive measure present invention for expanding the bandwidth of an R switch is shown in Figure 3 in section along the line III-III drawn in Figure 4 and in Figure 4 as a plan view in the direction IV of the sectional representation shown in Figure 3. In particular, Figure 4 shows that, contrary to Figure 2, recesses 26 to 29 are milled not only at the sides of steps 17 and 18, but also at the sides of steps 16 and 19 from the step transformer 32. In the sectional representation of Figure 3, this is indicated by means of broken lines 30 and 31. The advantage of this is a further lowering of the resonance frequency of the straight interconnection 33, which is inactive and

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acting as a cavity ~~resonated~~ resonator, for example, as in Figure 3, and, with that, a further lowering of the lower limiting frequency of the R switch 34. In other respects, the construction and mode of action of the R switch, shown in Figures 3 and 4, is identical with the construction and mode of action of the R switch, shown in Figures 1 and 2, so that these do not have to be described again.

Further developments of the ~~inventive measure~~ present invention for expanding the bandwidth of an R switch are shown in Figures 5 to 8. The advantage of this development is the fact that the low resonance frequency of the curved paths interconnects is lowered, when these are switched inactive by a rotation of the rotor and accordingly act as cavity resonators. The construction and mode of action of the R switch, in other respects, are identical with those of the R switch of Figures 1 to 4.

Figure 5 corresponds to Figure 1 and, additionally, has recesses 51, 52, 53, 54, as shown in Figure 6, in the steps 48, 49 in the step transformers 13, 15 in the curved paths interconnects 9, 10, which are represented in Figure 5 by means of broken lines 39, 40, 41 and 42 as undercuts.

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Figure 7 corresponds to Figure 3 and, additionally, has recesses 55, 56, 57, 58 as shown in Figure 8 in the steps 47, 48, 49, 50 in the step transformers 35, 36 in the curved paths interconnects 37, 38, which are shown in Figure 7 by means of broken lines 43, 44, 45 and 46 as undercuts.

5

Figure 9 corresponds to Figure 1; however, the curved paths interconnects 9, 10 do not contain any step transformers.

All distinguishing features, shown in the specification, the claims below and in the drawings, are inventive individually as well as in any combination with one another.

List of reference symbols:

	— A, B —	direction
15	— 1 —	R switch
	— 2 —	stator
	— 3 to 6 —	opening
	— 7 —	rotor
	— 8 —	straight interconnection
20	— 9, 10 —	curved path

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- ~~11, 12~~ axis
~~13, 14, 15~~ step transformer
~~16 to 19~~ step
~~20 to 23~~ recess
5 ~~24, 25~~ broken line
~~26 to 29~~ recess
~~30, 31~~ broken line
~~32~~ step transformer
~~33~~ straight interconnection
10 ~~34~~ R switch
~~35, 36~~ step transformer
~~37, 38~~ curved path
~~39, 40, 41, 42~~ broken line
~~43, 44, 45, 46~~ broken line
15 ~~47, 48, 49, 50~~ step
~~51 to 54~~ recess
~~55 to 58~~ recess
~~C, D~~ direction

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Abstract of the Disclosure

An R switch with a stator (2) and a rotor (7 with three paths (8, 9, 10) is proposed. The wherein a central, straight interconnection (8) is constructed as step transformers and formed bar-like by recesses (20, 21, 22, 23) incorporated laterally in the in the steps (17, 18) of the transformers[[,]] in order to lower the low frequency limit of the HF signals[[,]] which can be transmitted.